

3級 実践演習

1 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. I met a friend of (① you ② your ③ yours) on the street yesterday.
 b. Both Ken and I (① am ② is ③ are) fond of soccer. **文の主語は何?**
 c. She (① made ② had ③ took) care of her brother. => take care of ~ = ~の世話をする
 d. I like fruit. (① At ② In ③ For) example, I like apples very much. for example, 例えば
 e. Don't leave me (① alone ② nothing ③ one). I will follow you. 1人にする

2 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。 * fell asleep, => ねむりにつく

- a. The boy fell (① sleep ② sleepy ③ asleep) soon after he went to bed.
 b. Thanks, (① on ② to ③ at) your advice, I could finish my report. => Thanks ~のあかて
 c. Hurry up, (① and ② or ③ but) you will miss the train. 急いで
 d. His story always (① makes ② has ③ takes) me laugh. => 人 + ~ **p. 59 ②**
 e. I have two sisters. One is a college student and (① another ② other ③ the other) works for a bank. One ~

ヒント 「(2人のうち)1人は~, もう1人は~」というときに, one と呼応して用いられるのは?

3 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。 かべの上 かへ

- a. There is a butterfly (① in ② on ③ to) the wall.
 b. I have just been (① to ② on ③ with) the shopping center. => been = 行く / 行って同じ
 c. My grandmother (① moves ② makes ③ takes) a walk in the park every morning. a walk 散歩
 d. (① How ② What ③ Which) does this cake taste like? **ヒント** taste like + 名詞で「~のような味がする」という意味。
 e. He was born (① at ② in ③ on) the morning of June 5th. 6月5日

4 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。 be filled with = ~でいっぱいにする。 (第47回 改)

- a. The box was filled (① at ② on ③ with) chocolates.
 b. These computers can be used not only by the teachers (① and ② but ③ or) also by the students. not only A but also B
 c. It was (① kind ② happy ③ sorry) of him to take me to the station. A but B
 d. (① Which ② What ③ How) was the weather like there? => 天気を聞くときは?
 e. We must finish this job (① on ② in ③ at) five minutes. **ヒント** ~ (時間) 以内, という場合に使う前置詞は?

5 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。 stay = 滞在する (第48回 改)

- a. How (① long ② many ③ much) are you going to stay in England? => How long ~? 期間を聞く
 b. The question was (① as ② too ③ enough) difficult to answer. => too to ~ = ~するのはあまりに
 c. I have a friend (① which ② who ③ whose) mother is a famous pianist. either
 d. Either my brother (① and ② nor ③ or) I will have to take care of the dog. either ~ or
 e. You shouldn't (① talk ② tell ③ speak) ill of your friends. speak ill of

ヒント 「~のことを悪く言う」という意味を表すには?

6 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。 (第50回 改)

- a. The sun rises (① at ② in ③ with) the east. 東 / 東側 から
 b. She wrote both the words (① and ② but ③ or) the music. => both A and B
 c. You can call me (① by ② on ③ to) my first name. A と B の両方とも
 d. (① How ② What ③ Which) do you like better, coffee or tea? => コーヒー か 茶の どちらか
 e. We had (① bright ② shy ③ strong) wind yesterday. 風 => どんな風?

7 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。 (第52回)

- a. I am going to Tokyo (① at ② in ③ on) business tomorrow. **ヒント** 「仕事で」を意味する場合, businessの前に置く前置詞は何か?
 b. Her name is known (① at ② to ③ with) everyone in our company. => be known to ~
 c. Takeshi was able to pass the difficult examination. 試験
 He must be (① diligent ② lonely ③ idle).
 d. What time does the next train (① wait ② drive ③ leave) for Tokyo? 東京へ
 e. We are looking for somebody (① what ② which ③ who) can use a computer. 関係代名詞

8 次のa~eの英文の()にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①~③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。 (第53回)

- a. Let's watch the volleyball game (① at ② for ③ on) television. => テレビで
 b. If you have a toothache, you should see a (① dentist ② scientist ③ typist). => 歯の痛み
 c. It is not (① foolish ② mad ③ polite) to speak loudly in a library. => loudly = 大きな声で
 d. My friend (① kept ② made ③ took) good care of my dog yesterday. library = 図書館
 e. He can play not only the guitar (① and ② but ③ or) also the violin.

not only A but also B
A だ け で なく B も